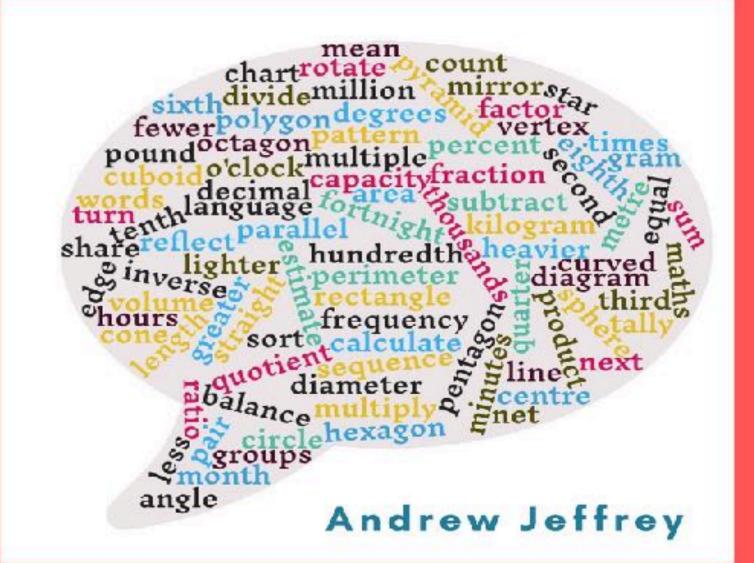
Mathematical Vocabulary in Primary Schools

Updated for the 2014 Curriculum (from the original DfE 2000 publication)





Thanks so much for downloading this booklet. I realised in 2019 that since the year 2000, nobody appeared to have updated the Mathematical Vocabulary booklet from DfE to reflect the 2014 National Curriculum - so here it is.

It doesn't pretend to be as thorough as the 2000 document; instead, I have focussed only on new mathematical vocab required by the published national curriculum as children move up through primary school. Because of this, the new book is hopefully more targeted and quicker to use.

However, I strongly recommend getting hold of the old booklet for a broader sense of the wider range of vocab. It is still available as a PDF online, but if you have any trouble locating a copy, drop me an email and I can help.

Enjoy the book and feel free to share it with colleagues.

Andrew Jeffrey, 2020

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A note about Reception

In the Foundation Stage, language is mostly spoken. Of course this does not mean that children should not have sight of the written word, but preferably this should always be in conjunction with the appropriate imagery so that they can begin to associate and recognise words they cannot necessarily yet read fluently.

At the time of writing, there is an ongoing DfE consultation about which ideas should constitute the EYFS curriculum. I have therefore decided to wait until this has been concluded and the curriculum published, and only then update this document with the relevant vocabulary for children in Reception classes.

Exclusions

There are a few controversial inclusions/exclusions. For example, I have deliberately left the phrase 'Place Value' out of Year 1 even though children are expected to begin to understand the idea. This is because the *phrase* itself is not necessary in order to understand the *concept*, and may actually serve to obfuscate rather than support learning.

Of course, feel free to teach children these words- please ensure that the concept is secure first, so that children have some mental image on which to hang the words.

This is part of a broader principle I call 'CPL', or '*Concept Precedes learning*.' Like CPA, it focuses on the importance of understanding something rather than just learning its name. Asking children to think about, say, a prime, is pointless until they have a sense of what that might look like.

Something else became apparent whilst compiling this volume. Despite topics going into more depth as children progress through year groups, often there is very little new vocabulary required. Time is a good example - once the language of time is mastered, very little new language is required as children go into Key Stage 2.

For this reason, you will inevitably see far more vocabulary in the Year 1 list than in any subsequent year group.

Finally, this list is NOT exhaustive. I have only included words from the mathematics curriculum, as opposed to the original 2000 booklet which tried to be very comprehensive. These should be specifically used alongside other language that children will need for daily interactions.

Year One (this includes word that are new to Year One and *some* Reception vocabulary)

Red words are non-statutory but desirable.

Number and Calculation

same different count(ing) forwards backwards share left over more (than) less (than) total fewer (than) equal (to) most least sum difference distance between total first plus add(ition) subtract(ion)	minus ones tens column(s) multiples twenty one twenty two twenty three (and so on up to) ninety nine one hundred first second third fourth (and so on up to) nineteenth twentieth order number amount	value size odd even numberline double halve pair how much how many larger smaller estimate compare together altogether altogether bonds zero between above below
Fractions (one) half (one) (two))three) quarters sharing group (ing)	part whole equal parts same size	bar

Measurement (time, mass, length, capacity, money)

TIME	Saturday	October	today
year	Sunday	November	tomorrow
month	January	December	before
week	February	night	after
weekend	March	hour	old(er)
day	April	minute	new(er)
Monday	May	second	clock (face)
Tuesday	June	morning	o'clock
Wednesday	July	afternoon	half past
Thursday	August	evening	birthday
Friday	September	yesterday	watch

hour (hand) minute (hand) minutes past/to quarter past/to half past/to fast(er) quick(er) slow(er) early earlier late

MASS

later

weigh weight heavy heavier (than) heaviest light lighter (than) lightest balance (weighing) scales ruler

LENGTH long(er)(est) short(er)(est) gram/g kilogram/kg centimetre/cm

metre/m

far distance measure long(er)(est) short(er)(est)

CAPACITY

volume full empty more than less than half full

MONEY

coin note amount penny/p pound/£ *coin values:* one pence two pence Five pence ten pence ten pence twenty pence fifty pence

Geometry

SHAPE PROPERTIES pattern 2-D rectangle square circle triangle 3-D

cube cuboid pyramid sphere side(s)

POSITION AND DIRECTION left

- right top middle bottom in front of behind between above below around
- near close far up down forwards backwards inside outside clockwise

Number and Calculation

digit numeral twenty one twenty two twenty three twenty four	and so on up to ninety nine one hundred multiple commutative place value	step counting > as 'greater than' < as 'less than' partition place holder place value estimate	estimation inverse array calculate multiplication division times tables
Fractions (one) (two) third(s)	third	'one and a quarter'	half as much

(one) (two) third(s) sharing grouping two quarters third one third two thirds equivalent fone and a quarter' one and 2 quarters one and a half one and 3 quarters half as much twice as much numerator denominator

Measurement (time, mass, length, capacity, temperature, money)

TIME analogue

Five/ten/1/4 pas/to clockwise anticlockwise

MASS gram

kilogram

LENGTH height width metre centimetre millimetre

CAPACITY litre millilitre

TEMPERATURE degrees celcius

thermometer

MONEY price cost amount change

Geometry

SHAPE PROPERTIES

vertical horizontal vertices edges faces quadrilateral polygon prism cone symmetry POSITION AND DIRECTION straight curved rotate rotation Angle right angle

Statistics

pictogram tally chart block diagram table data category(ies)

Year Three - new words

Number and Calculation

hundreds one hundred and one one hundred and two one hundred and three *and so on up to* one thousand multiple(s) inverse operations integer(s) decimal(s) remainder

Fractions

fifths sixths sevenths eighths ninths Tenths numerator denominator order unit-fraction non-unit fraction

Measurement

millimetre perimeter roman numerals to XII am/pm duration noon midnight analogue clock digital clock

Geometry

orientation degree(s) right angle perpendicular parallel horizontal vertical quadrilateral

Statistics

interpret data category(ies) polygon polyhedron polyhedra acute obtuse reflex reflection

scale

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Year Four - new words

Number and Calculation

thousands
round
rounding
Roman numerals to 100 'C'
negative
operation
factor

Fractions

hundredth(s)	
'decimal equivalent	s
decimal places	
proportion	

Measurement

convert
conversion
rectilinear
area

Geometry

orientation degree(s) right angle perpendicular parallel horizontal vertical quadrilateral classify polygon pentagon hexagon heptagon octagon nonagon decagon polyhedron polyhedra acute obtuse isosceles scalene equilateral parallelogram rhombus trapezium dimensions kilometre 24-hour clock

factor pairs distributive associative derive remainder

protractor

regular irregular reflex coordinates quadrant plot grid translate translation axis/axes scale

Statistics

label graph

Number and Calculation

million(s) Roman numerals to 10 linear sequence power(s) prime complement	000 'M'	composite prime factor square(d) ² cube(d) ³ equivalence	
Fractions			
mixed number(s) thousandths percent percentage(s)			
Measurement composite metric imperial inch foot yard mile		pound (lb) pint cm ² cm ³ m ² m ³	
Geometry orientation degree(s) right angle perpendicular parallel diagonal horizontal	vertical quadrilateral polygon polyhedron polyhedra acute obtuse		reflex point reflection 180° 360° X-axis Y-axis Y-axis
Statistics interpret data		category(ies) scale	

Number and Calculation

interval long division Multi-step common factors common multiples

Fractions

simplify degrees of accuracy

Ratio and Proportion relative size scale factor	proportion ratio as a:b	
Algebra6 symbol letter formula(e) sequence algebraic(ally)	equation unknown variable constant generalise	
Measurement mm ³ km ³ speed	mph m/s km/h	
Geometry		
quadrant(s) dissect(ion) net(s) radius diameter	circumference vertically opposite complementary angles Pi quadrants	
Statistics pie chart mean average	data set	